#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 8-K

#### CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 2, 2020 (March 2, 2020)

### The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

001-11503

31-1/1/021

Ohio	0	01-11593	31-1414921
(State or other jurisdiction	(C	ommission	(IRS Employer
of incorporation or organization)	Fi	e Number)	Identification No.)
14111 Scottslawn Road	Marysville	Ohio	43041
(Address of principal executive offices)			(Zip Code)
Regi Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously sa  Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230	Not a (Former name or former ad  attisfy the filing obligation of the	including area code: (937) 644-0011 upplicable dress, if changed since last report.)  he registrant under any of the following provision	is:
☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14	la-12)		
$\square$ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange	Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))		
$\square$ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange	Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))		
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:			
Title of each class	Tradi	ng Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Shares, \$0.01 stated value		SMG	NYSE

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b–2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b of this chapter). Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

As previously disclosed, on March 2, 2020, executives of The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company (the "Registrant") presented at the Raymond James & Associates' 41st Annual Institutional Investors Conference. The slides set forth in Exhibit 99.1 were used in the presentation and are incorporated herein by reference.

The information in Item 7.01 of this report is being furnished, not filed, pursuant to Regulation FD. Accordingly, the information in Item 7.01 of this report will not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement filed by the Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, unless specifically identified therein as being incorporated therein by reference.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(a) Financial statements of businesses acquired:

Not applicable.

(b) Pro forma financial information:

Not applicable.

(c) Shell company transactions:

Not applicable.

(d) Exhibits:

Exhibit No. Description
99.1 Investor Presentation

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

THE SCOTTS MIRACLE-GRO COMPANY

Dated: March 2, 2020

By: /s/ IVAN C. SMITH

Printed Name: Ivan C. Smith

Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer

#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Current Report on Form 8-K Dated March 2, 2020 The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company

Exhibit No. Description
99.1 Investor Prese

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)



### Safe Harbor Disclosure

Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995: Certain of the statements contained in this presentation, including, but not limited to, information regarding the future economic performance and financial condition of the Company, the plans and objectives of the Company's management, and the Company's assumptions regarding such performance and plans are forward-looking in nature. Actual results could differ materially from the forward-looking information in this presentation due to a variety of factors.

Scotts Miracle-Gro encourages investors to learn more about these risk factors. A detailed explanation of these factors is available in the Company's quarterly and annual reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.



## Today's discussion

- Philosophy and track record for driving long-term shareholder value
- Overview of our industry-leading U.S. Consumer business
- Hawthorne: Building competitive advantages in a fast-growing category













# Our approach to running the business has led to consist growth and significant value creation for shareholders

2-4% Sales

Stable core and higher growth hydroponics

4-6% Operating Income

Hawthorne margin benefits, SG&A control

8-10% EPS

Share buybacks enhance EPS growth

10-12% Shareholder Return

EPS + dividend drives returns in rational market



# SMG shares have outperformed the market since Projection Focus was implemented despite setback in 2018



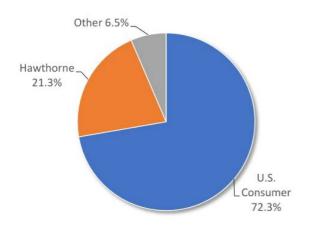


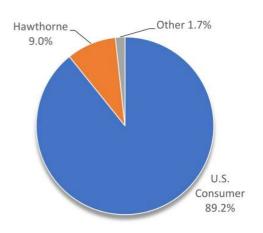
Scotts Miracle Gro

# U.S. Consumer segment remains the earnings and cash flow engine of SMG, Hawthorne is driving growth

FY 2019 Revenue % by Segment

### FY 2019 Net Profit % by Segment







# Scotts Miracle-Gro has delivered consistent top line growth since we began to realign our portfolio in 2015

### Consolidated Net Sales (\$ in millions)

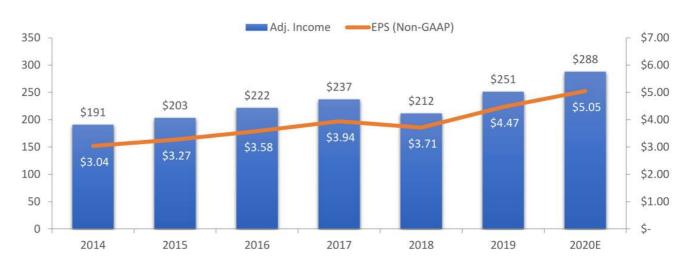




Note: Reflects businesses sold in prior years as discontinued operations for all periods presented

# 2020 earnings outlook puts SMG back on track after market challenges led to disappointing 2018 results

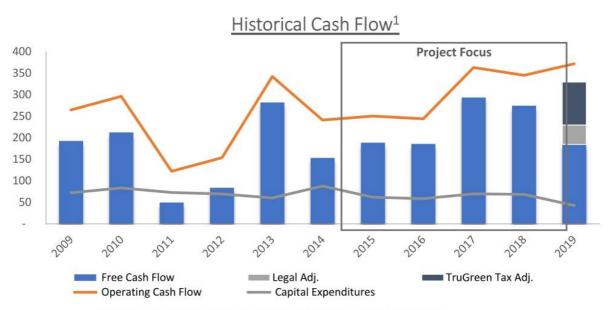
### Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income<sup>1</sup>





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Appendix

# Pay-for-performance has led to consistent cash flow performance with opportunities for further improveme





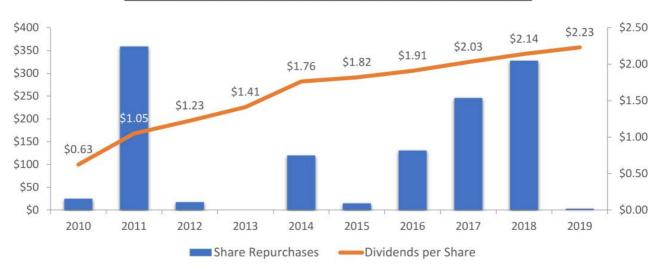
SMG defines free cash flow as operating cash flow minus capital expenditures

 $^{\rm 1}$  Refer to the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Appendix

<sup>\*</sup> Legal settlements accrued in fiscal 2018

# A commitment to returning cash to shareholders has been integral in driving value

### Share Repurchase / Dividend Activity by Fiscal Year





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- Philosophy and track record for driving long-term shareholder value
- · Overview of our industry-leading consumer goods business
- Hawthorne: Building competitive advantages in a fast-growing category













# A series of unique competitive advantages has made ScottsMiracle-Gro the clear leader in lawn & garden

#### **Industry-Leading Brands**



Brands foster unrivaled consumer relationships

#### **Products that Deliver**



Consumer-based innovation model delivers innovation to drive profitable growth

#### **In-Store Execution**



In-store sales associates enhance the shopping experience and drive consumer sales

#### Global Supply Chain



Supply Chain network provides best-in-class service while consistently delivering cost savings



## Retail trends and favorable demographics should continuous to benefit SMG into the future

### **Key trends**

- Brick-and-mortar retailers, especially home centers, continue to view lawn and garden as a destination category
- Online retail is the fastest growing channel, but remains less than 5% of total sales
- Millennials have a passion for gardening and are just as likely as Baby Boomers to support SMG core brands

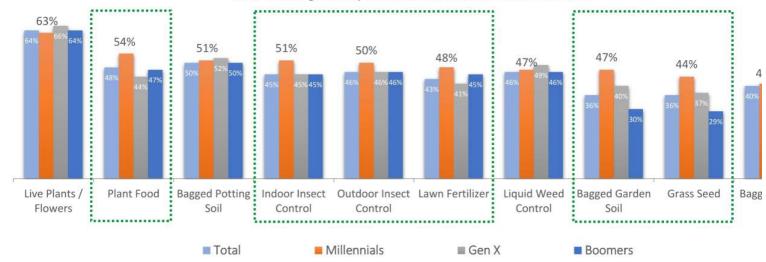




# In many cases millennial homeowners are more likely than older generations to buy lawn and garden product

#### P12M Household Purchase Incidence

Base: Total Single-Family Detached Homeowners with a Grass Lawn





Source: 2019 Harris L&G Category Tracking S

U.S. Consumer

# Innovation in R&D and Marketing will be key in driving future growth especially with millenials

### Disruptive products and brands



### Successful transition to digital marketing





# Roundup remains important to SMG performance, consumer engagement remains solid





### Key points

- Roundup POS up more than 10 percent entering M
- Ortho GroundClear continues to gain momentum, backed by high levels of advertising and retail supp
- While SMG serves as marketing agent for Roundup is not involved in litigation, settlement or other leg issues with Bayer

Scotts Miracle Gro

U.S. Consumer

# We expect retailers and consumers to remain highly engaged in 2020, driving 1 to 3% full-year growth











These five retail partners constitute roughly 85% of U.S. Consumer sales

### High engagement

- Through first five fiscal months, consum purchases up 8 percent entering critical weeks of season
- · All key categories higher
- May-June comps are difficult and growtl will likely moderate



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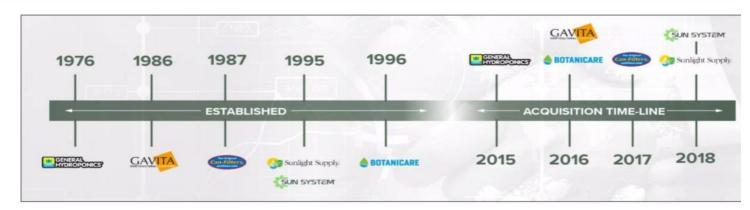








# Hawthorne has assembled a portfolio of industry-leadir products to service an expanding market



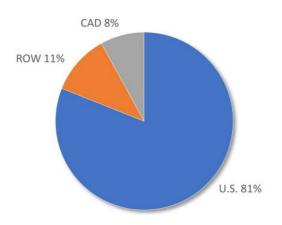
- Our signature brands have led the market since 1976
- Opening world's 1st and largest cannabis-specific R&D facility (Kelowna, B.C.)
- Conducting hemp research at R&D Field Station in Oregon

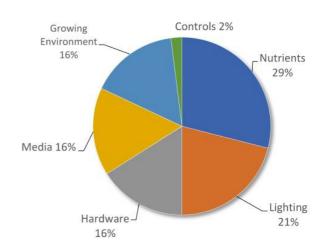


# Nearly 90% of Hawthorne sales in faster-growing U.S. and Canadian markets

### Total Sales by Geography

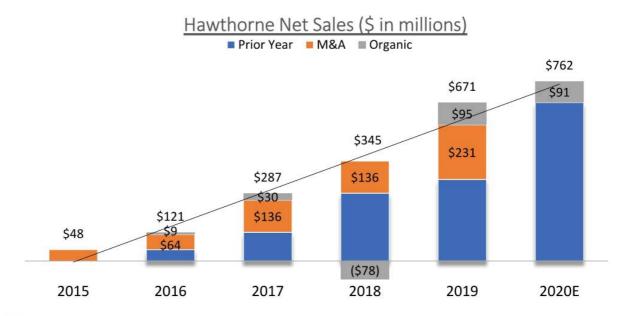
## North American Sales by Category timate 2020 Estimate







# Sales back on track after rapid growth was interrupted significant regulatory and market challenges in 2018





# Building competitive advantages to serve a quickly evolving market

### **OUR PLANS:**



#### Products that serve all market segments

- · Professional growers are the No. 1 target
- · At-home growers represent less than 10% of market
- · Breadth of portfolio appeals to both

#### Unmatched technical expertise

- Decades of expertise in supporting specialty crops
- Deep understanding of indoor growing environment
- · Industry's best technically trained sales team

#### Leadership in a quickly evolving industry

- Solution selling that benefits retailers / end users
- Supply chain that is evolving with marketplace
- · Engaged in impactful government dialogue



### A bullish outlook on long-term Hawthorne prospects

### **Our viewpoint:**

- Major new markets likely to emerge over next several years
- Consumer consumption poised to continue growing high-single digits
- · Hawthorne outpacing competitors
- Market-leading product portfolio and brand recognition
- · Operating margins will be a significant focus going forward











## YTD performance trending above guidance and will likely provide upside to our current full-year outlook

### **Current Hawthorne outlook**

- 12 to 15% sales growth with higher growth in U.S. indoor & hydroponic categories
- YTD sales +50% entering March, will moderate due to strong comps through year-end
- 10+% operating margin
- Improved efficiencies due to SAP implementation
- · Promotional activity more focused, reduced on a percentage basis





# ScottsMiracle-Gro: Appealing for both the near- and long-term investors

### What we expect

- Continued strength at Hawthorne in 2020; long-term growth/margin improvemen
- Steady performance from U.S. Consumer segment
- · Continued focus on cash flow productivity
- Financial flexibility to explore and/or invest in M&A while returning cash to shareholders













## **Appendix**











#### Use of Non-GAAP Measures

To supplement the financial measures prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), the Company uses non-GAAP financial measures. The reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are shown in the tables below. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for or superior to, financial measures reported in accordance with GAAP. Moreover, these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations in that they do not reflect al the items associated with the operations of the business as determined in accordance with GAAP. Other companies may calculate similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures differently than the Company, limiting the usefulness of those measures for comparative purposes.

In addition to GAAP measures, management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's performance, engage in financial and operational planning and determine incentive compensation because it believes that these measures provide additional perspective on and, in some circumstances are more closely correlated to, the performance of the Company's underlying, ongoing business.

Management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors in their assessment of operating performance and the valuation of the Company. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures address questions routinely received from analysts and investors and, in order to ensure that all investors have access to the same data, management has determined that it is appropriate to make this data available to all investors. Non-GAAP financial measures exclude the impact of certain items and provide supplemental information regarding operating performance. By disclosing these non-GAAP financial measures, management intends to provide investors with a supplemental comparison of operating results and trends for the periods presented. Management believes these measures are also useful to investors as such measures allow investors to evaluate performance using the same metrics that management uses evaluate past performance and prospects for future performance. Management views free cash flow as an important measure because it is one factor used in determining the amount of cash available for dividends and discretionary investment.



#### **Definitions of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

The reconciliations of non-GAAP disclosure items include the following financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with GAAP and are utilized by managem evaluating the performance of the business, engaging in financial and operational planning, the determination of incentive compensation, and by investors and analysts evaluating performance of the business:

SLS (Scotts Lawn Service) Divestiture adjusted income (loss) per common share: Diluted net income (loss) per common share excluding impairment, restructuring and ot charges / recoveries, costs related to refinancing and TruGreen Joint Venture non-GAAP adjustments, each net of tax. This measure also includes income (loss) from disc operations related to the SLS Business; however, excludes the gain on the contribution of the SLS Business to the TruGreen Joint Venture, each net of tax.

Free cash flow: Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities reduced by investments in property, plant and equipment.

SLS Divestiture adjusted income: Net income (loss) from continuing operations excluding impairment, restructuring and other charges / recoveries, costs related to refin TruGreen Joint Venture non-GAAP adjustments, each net of tax. This measure also includes income (loss) from discontinued operations related to the SLS Business; how excludes the gain on the contribution of the SLS Business to the TruGreen Joint Venture, each net of tax.

#### Forward Looking Non-GAAP Measures

In this presentation, the Company presents its outlook for fiscal 2020 non-GAAP adjusted EPS. The Company does not provide a GAAP EPS outlook, which is the most direction comparable GAAP measure to non-GAAP adjusted EPS, because changes in the items that the Company excludes from GAAP EPS to calculate non-GAAP adjusted EPS, de above, can be dependent on future events that are less capable of being controlled or reliably predicted by management and are not part of the Company's routine operactivities. Additionally, due to their unpredictability, management does not forecast the excluded items for internal use and therefore cannot create or rely on a GAAP EV without unreasonable efforts. The timing and amount of any of the excluded items could significantly impact the Company's GAAP EPS. As a result, the Company does not a reconciliation of guidance for non-GAAP adjusted EPS to GAAP EPS, in reliance on the unreasonable efforts exception provided under Item 10(e)(1)(i)(B) of Regulation 1.



	Year Ended September 30,											
Free cash flow:		2019 20		018 2017		2017	2016		2015			
	(In millions, except per share data)											
Net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$	226.8	S		342.5	S	363.2	S	244.0	S	25	0.1
Investments in property, plant and equipment		(42.4	)		(68.2)		(69.6)		(58.3)		(6	1.7)
Free cash flow (Non-GAAP)	s	184.4	S		274.3	s	293.6	S	185.7	s	18	8.4
CLC Divertitues adjusted income (less) was some					-	Year En	ided September	30,				
SLS Divestiture adjusted income (loss) per common share		2019		2018		2017			2016	2015	5	201
Diluted income per share from continuing operations (GAAP)		s	7.77	s	2.23	s	3.29	s	3.98	s	2.09	s
Impairment, restructuring and other charges (recoveries)			0.24		2.68		0.50		(0.55)		1.29	
Costs related to refinancing			_		_		_		0.14		_	
Other non-operating (income) expense, net			(4.62)		0.20		0.22		-		-	
Adjustment to income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations			1.09		(1.41)	i	(0.07)		0.15		(0.46)	
Adjusted diluted income per common share from continuing operations (Non-GAAP)		\$	4.47	5	3.71	\$	3.94	5	3.72	\$	2.92	s
Income (loss) from discontinued operations from SLS Business		s	_	s		s	(0.03)	s	1.66	s	0.52	s
Gain on contribution of SLS Business			-		_		_		(2.12)		_	
Adjustment to gain on contribution of SLS Business			_		-		0.02		_		_	
Impairment, restructuring and other from SLS Business in discontinued operations			-		1-		0.01		0.22		0.02	
Adjustment to income tax expense (benefit) from SLS Business in discontinued operations			-		7.		-		0.09		(0.19)	
Adjusted diluted income (loss) from SLS Business in discontinued operations, net of tax			7-		-		_		(0.15)		0.35	
SLS Divestiture adjusted income per common share (Non-GAAP)		s	4.47	5	3.71	\$	3.94	s	3.58	\$	3.27	5



#### SLS Divestiture adjusted income:

	Year Ended September 30,										
	8	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Net income attributable to controlling interest (GAAP)	\$	460.7	S	63.7	S	218.3	S	315.3	\$	159.8	S
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		23.5		(63.9)		20.5		68.7		30.0	
Impairment, restructuring and other charges (recoveries)		13.3		152.8		30.1		(33.8)		80.2	
Costs related to refinancing		_		_		_		8.8		-	
Other non-operating (income) expense, net		(260.2)		11.7		13.4		_			
Adjustment to income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations		61.5		(80.5)		(4.4)		9.1		(28.5)	
Adjusted net income attributable to controlling interest from continuing operations (Non-GAAP)	S	251.8	\$	211.6	s	236.9	s	230.7	\$	181.5	s
Income (loss) from discontinued operations from SLS Business		_		_		(1.8)		102.9		32.5	
Gain on contribution of SLS Business		-		_		_		(131.2)		=	
Adjustment to gain on contribution on SLS Business		_		_		1.0		-		_	
Impairment, restructuring and other from SLS Business in discontinued operations		_		_		0.8		13.6		1.5	
Adjustment to income tax expense (benefit) from SLS Business in discontinued operations		-		_		-		5.7		(12.1)	
Adjusted income (loss) from SLS Business in discontinued operations, net of tax		_						(9.0)		21.9	
SLS Divestiture adjusted income (Non-GAAP)	\$	251.8	5	211.6	S	236.9	S	221.7	5	203.4	S

